

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.

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SATURDAY, APRIL 23.

AUSTRIA has decided to keep out of the fray. Sensible Austria.

SPAIN is raising another war fund. It is hoped that country will not raise it with dynamite.

THE loss of the Maine did not prevent Uncle Sam from playing out his hand. He had a few more decks up his sleeve.

At first New Mexico's quota of troops will be small, but what there will be of it will be good and acquit itself well when placed in action.

THE faith of the people of this country in President McKinley's firmness, sagacity and integrity is well founded and passing events fully prove so.

THE Spanish soldiers in Cuba have received no pay for nine months. And still the queen regent in Madrid talks of Spanish honor and dignity.

SPAIN's time for sliding off the war perch is getting short. It will be too late on Monday next. A kicking will be in order then and Spain will get it.

THE citizens of this territory are loyal and will support the government of the United States as firmly and as strongly as their numbers will permit.

THE people of this territory, of course, are anxious for success, but they object to sending 1,000 Navajos, or indeed any number of Navajos, to Cuba. That unhappy island has enough ill to bear without being burdened by any Navajo Indians.

LOOK OUT for Munchausen tales concerning guns and the like these days. A dispatch from Newcastle says that an engineer in that city has invented a gun that will fire 30,000 bullets per second. If that be true, how bad will take a jump. Ill wind that blows no one any good.

GOVERNOR OTERO is very much alive to the best interests of New Mexico. His telegraphic requests on yesterday, to the secretary of war, asking that New Mexico volunteers be ordered to garrison Fort Bayard and Wingate and patrol the border, are in the right direction.

CONCLUDING from all reports it may safely be asserted, that the United States army surgeons, when they reach Cuba, will not have to treat the reconvalescent, who have been living under the so-called benign and mild rule of Spain, for gout or dyspepsia or indigestion.

THE tocsin of war is resounding throughout the width and breadth of this land and it has a mighty strong and courageous sound. Cuba must be free, the Monroe doctrine must be upheld, starvation and misery must cease in Cuba and the honor and dignity of this country must be maintained. That's what the sound of the tocsin means.

THE coming war with Spain will, in the very nature of things, cost this country men and money. It will be a war not waged for the acquiring of more territory, but in the cause of humanity and to uphold the dignity and honor of this country. This is progress and quite astonishing to the great nations of Europe, who think of nothing else except land grabbing and of the extension of their power.

WAR preparations cost much money. Naturally there is a great hurry now and in a hurry there is much waste. Millions of money will be spent for which no adequate return will be had. This condition of affairs is due wholly to the foolish policy of congress during the past few years, which swiftly occurring events now prove to have been false economy and in reality extravagance. The country is learning the difference between true and false economy now.

THE Raton Range wants Governor Otero to take a hand in the Colfax county seal fight remarking editorially:

The law providing for the removal of the county seat of Colfax county to Raton is simply provided for the disposition of the county officers who attempt to prevent the execution of the law and the will of the people. Let the matter be thoroughly presented to the governor who is empowered and directed to remove such officers and appoint men who regard law as above petty personal interests.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY acted wisely in endeavoring to avoid the horrors of war. Those who have traced its misery from the carnage of battle to tear-stained and desolate hearthstones, know it well. Old warriors revere the heroic nature that braved the storm of popular protest to save the country from misery

and sorrow. However, the president acquiesces in the inevitable now that war has been forced upon the nation, and will lead the gallant defenders of the nation's honor to victory and secure the liberty of an oppressed people.

Viva Cuba Libre.

April is the most remarkable month in the history of the United States of America. On the 19th of April, 1775, at Lexington, the first gun of the revolution fired the "shot that was heard round the world." On the 12th day of April, 1861, the first shot of the civil war was fired at Fort Sumpter, and three days short of four years, subsequently, Lee surrendered at Appomattox court house on April 9, 1865. And now again on April 22, the first gun of the war was fired which will give the people of "the Pearl of the Antilles" the blessings of free government and close out for ever Spanish rule on this hemisphere. The revolutionary war lasted nearly eight years, the civil war was closed inside of four years, but the present war should be finished in good shape in four months, or may be we should have said weeks. Spain will not be quite so handsome but it will know a good deal more when this country gets through.

Spaniards in the United States.

Now that war actually exists between this country and Spain, the status of Spaniards in the United States who have not become citizens by naturalization has caused considerable comment, and the question, can these people be forced to join the army or navy or will they be compelled to return to their native land, has attracted considerable attention. The matter is carefully guarded in the treaty with Spain entered into in 1795.

Article XII of that ancient document says: "If war should break out between the said two nations, one year after the proclamation of the war shall be allowed to the merchants in the cities and towns where they live for collecting and transporting their goods and merchandise."

Under section 4067 of the United States Statutes at Large the president has the power by proclamation to direct whether subjects of any hostile nation with which we are at war must go or may be permitted to remain, and upon what terms.

The treaty of 1795 and section 4067, enacted more than 100 years ago, embody the ideas of a bygone age, but provide safeguards which it is well to keep up for use in special cases.

As a matter of fact and actual practice, a Spaniard residing in this country has no occasion to fear either expulsion or any form of molestation on account of his nationality. It is not at all probable that if he were known to be a Spanish subject he would be allowed to enlist, and for the same reason he would not be conscripted.

The old doctrine of war was that every subject of the hostile state was to be looked on as an enemy. The modern doctrine is that war is waged between states, not between their citizens. Therefore, unless special reason is found for expelling the resident subjects of the enemy, they are allowed to remain so long as they give no aid or information to their government or its agents. An exception to this rule was the order of the French government ordering all Germans to leave Paris when the German armies were advancing to invest the city. The reason for the unusual order was the fear of the authorities that they would be unable to protect the German residents from violence.

A Noble War.

The flaming sword of war has descended upon the perpetrators of barbarity in Cuba. Humanity will mete out summary justice to the fiends who write Spanish history with the blood of women and children; and a cycle of rapine and murder will be succeeded by an epoch of freedom.

The spectre of gaunt misery, which stalks near the border of a Christian nation, mantled with the horror-reeking flag of Cuba Libre and crying to heaven for vengeance, will be still and laid to rest, let it be hoped, forever, as far as Cuba and the Cubans are concerned.

But while the American eagle roars the buzzard of cruelty, and the humanitarian instincts of a sympathetic and responsive nation are appeased, the cost should be considered.

As the ashes of devastated homes are scattered by the powder laden clouds and rolling inland from the battlefield, and wreaths of smoke from smouldering industries are wafted heavenward by the breath of dying heroes, the stern visage of war will relax and a beauteous expression of compassion will bedeck the countenance of victory.

When the recording angel enters another credit to the greatest liberty loving nation on earth and the joyous shouts of victory resound from hill to vale, hamlet to metropolis and sea to sea, as they surely will, the voice of providence will echo a tone of sadness as the benediction is pronounced: "Well done, good and faithful servants!" for no matter how grand the inspiration, the path of war is trod by passion, cruelty, misery, and blood.

Were the stars forming the emblem of freedom as broad as the blue, silver-studded vault of night, and the stripes as long as the crystal arches of day, old glory would be too small to cover the miseries resulting from war's devastation. Oceans of tears, seas of blood, gulfs of woe, thousands of lives and millions of money are the costs of war.

That this country brings distress upon itself to alleviate the distress of another country, is more than commendable. It is noble.

TAOS COUNTY MINES.

Work on the Shoshone-Iron Dike Claim—Other Mining Items. Alex. Gusdorf, a prominent mining operator of Taos, is in the city today. Mr. Gusdorf is one of the stockholders in the Shoshone company and states that the

company has just concluded sinking a 165 feet in the shaft and that drifting both ways on the vein from the level has been started. The Shoshone vein is eight feet wide, in granite and porphyry walls, and contains a 30-inch pay streak that returns better than \$100 values per ton. The remainder of the vein gives from \$10 to \$30 value. Several hundred feet of drifting has been done on the first, or 100-foot level, and as soon as working space has been attained on the second level, stopeing will be started and a shipping output of two cars per week inaugurated.

Mr. Gusdorf states that considerable activity is shown in the district and that the ensuing year will give astonishing results. Steen & Cible are working four men on the Iron Dike claim, which is located within a mile of the Shoshone. The dike from which the mine derives its name, is 50 feet wide and can be traced a distance of five miles. It gives from \$7 to \$12 per ton average values. Thus, A. Edison is interested in the project, and will furnish the facilities for the reduction of the ores.

Veiner & Stanley are running a tunnel on the Gold Queen claim. They have attained a distance of 100 feet. The tunnel will cross-cut the formation to the Shoshone vein, and give a depth of 400 feet to the mineral. The breast of the tunnel shows considerable quartz, and from all indications it is close to the vein.

The Rockingham Mining company, notice of the organization of which appeared in the New Mexican, Monday, April 11, has started operations, with Tom Bryan as superintendent.

Wm. Frazier has bonded his group of claims on the Rio Honda to the Standard Oil company, for \$200,000. It is expected that the bond will be taken up soon.

BLAND NOTES.

A Hint to Santa Fe Businessmen. Special to the New Mexican. Bland, April 23.—The most pressing need of the camp at the present time is a custom mill. This will enable the men who are prospecting to develop their claims and derive some profit from the output of ore.

The upper road from Santa Fe to Bland should receive the attention of Santa Fe business men. It would cost very little to place the road in condition for freighting, and a ferry across the river would enable the trip to be made in one day. Santa Fe supplies could then be hauled down to Bland from 10 to 15 cents per hundred cheaper than from Albuquerque.

The work of excavating for the new mill at the Albemarle is completed and the machinery is being placed in position. Mr. Posey is expected to arrive at Bland any day and it is thought that he will decide to put in a mill for the Crown Point.

PATRIOTIC BALDY.

Citizens Passed Resolutions Pledging Financial and Physical Support to Government—Interesting Mining Items. Special Correspondence.

Baldy, N. M., April 21, 1898.—At a mass meeting held in Baldy, April 20, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, An impending war with a foreign power threatens the interests of our nation, and

Whereas, We, as loyal American citizens feel that we owe a duty to our country, it is hereby

Resolved, That we pledge our financial and physical support to the president in order to maintain the dignity and self-respect of our nation, individually and collectively and to show to our executive that he can draw from us both arms and money in sustaining the station which this nation rightfully holds. The above resolutions were adopted after spirited outbursts of patriotic speeches by prominent residents of the city of Baldy. Never before in the history of our city has there been such a gathering of people, and the oldest inhabitants cannot recall from his memory such patriotic sentiments as were expressed, and undoubtedly a regiment of 1,000 men could be raised on two days' notice. While the mines are all working and the mills running full blast the men would leave immediately for the front if they were called upon. As an illustration of how the men feel in this district, a teamster bringing in some important machinery for the Gold Coin company, left it at the creek and went out for Springer, hearing that the recruiting office there had been opened.

Business is generally suspended in Baldy tonight. Nothing but talk of war. While the citizens generally hope for peace they feel that war and war only can atone for the Maine disaster. The feeling is extremely bitter here and none can pretend the results.

Hon. John K. Cockran, of New Philadelphia, O., arrived in camp today and is looking over the ground preparatory to putting in a cyanide plant to treat rebellious ores from claims in which he is interested. He is much pleased with the general outlook of the district. He is particularly impressed with the activity shown by the local investors. He is accompanied on his trip by Chas. L. Kellogg, of Salem, Mass., one of the largest cotton manufacturers in the world, who is looking for a large, low grade prospect. From a conversation held this evening it is learned that he has made a deal whereby he and his friends will become interested in Baldy district.

Chas. A. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis, Minn., arrived in town this evening and will start work on the Mammoth lode tomorrow. A new hoisting engine and

Doctors now agree that consumption is curable. Three things, if taken together, will cure nearly every case in the first stages; the majority of cases more advanced; and a few of those far advanced.

The first is, fresh air; the second, proper food; the third, Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

To be cured, you must not lose in weight, and, if thin, you must gain. Nothing equals Scott's Emulsion to keep you in good flesh.

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Blood Poison.

Contagious Blood Poison has been appropriately called the curse of mankind. It is the one disease that physicians cannot cure; their mercurial and potash remedies only bottle up the poison in the system, to surely break forth in a more virulent form, resulting in a total wreck of the system.

Mr. Frank B. Martin, a prominent jeweler at 926 Pennsylvania Ave., Washington, D. C., says: "I was for a long time under treatment of two of the best physicians of this city, for a severe case of blood poison, but my condition grew worse all the while, notwithstanding the fact that they charged me three hundred dollars. My mouth was filled with eating sores; my tongue was almost eaten away, so that for three months I was unable to taste any solid food. My hair was coming out rapidly and I was in a horrible fix. I had tried various treatments, and was nearly discouraged, when a friend recommended S.S.S. After I had taken four bottles, I began to get better, and when I had finished eighteen bottles, I was cured sound and well, my skin without a blemish, and I have had no return of the disease. S.S.S. saved me from a life of misery. S.S.S. (guaranteed purely vegetable) will cure any case of blood poison. Books on the disease and its treatment mailed free by Serravallo's Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga."

two air compressors are on the way from Springer and work on this claim will be prosecuted with vigor during the coming season. What seemed to be serious trouble this morning on the Squaw claim was happily averted by the intervention of cooler heads. In sinking on the main vein the pay was \$4.50 a day, being a whole lot. New parties coming in thought they had struck a vein and agreed to do the same work for \$4. The association and union men prevailed ultimately as to prices and the Squaw claim will be run hereafter at union prices. The boiler exploded on the Good Night claim and destroyed the power house, which will throw about 150 men out of employment for the next two weeks. Fire destroyed the public library in the second ward this evening. Much severe criticism is expressed by the citizens that the board had not insured the building. The power house of the electric light plant is being enlarged to make room for another dynamo. Patrick Biggy was in town this evening and reports a find on the Lone Tree claim, samples of which he brought in showing a large amount of free gold; indications point conclusively that he's got a bonanza.

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SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convention second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES H. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELLIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, E. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F.: Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriots welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F.: Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDEN, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. of P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. ROBERT H. BOWLER, Chancellor Commander. LEE MUEHLERSEN, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNAEBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General.) Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. REBEKAH, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and the searching. Rooms 3 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office, Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

The New Mexico Railway & Coal Co. CONSTRUCTING

The El Paso & Northeastern R'y AND

The El Paso & Northeastern R. R.

To accommodate the public will carry freight and passengers on its construction trains to and from the end of its track, commencing April 15. Trains leave El Paso at 1 p. m. and returning leave end of track at 7:30 p. m., making connection with stages to Alamogordo, La Luz and Tularosa.

A. S. GREIG, General Superintendent.

Cheap Rate to Indian Pueblo. At any time a party of five or more desires to visit the San Ildefonso Indian pueblo, a rate of one fare for the round trip will be made to the Rio Grande station.

Tickets limited to date of sale and one ticket to cover entire party.

T. J. HELM, General Agent, R. G. & S. F. F. R.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chavez counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

J. J. HAGEMAN, President, E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

-The Palace Hotel- WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M.

UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY

R. J. PALEN - President. J. H. VAUGHN Cashier

The Timmer House SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Special rates by the week.

SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS When in Silver City Stop at the Best Hotel. FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

HOTEL WELLINGTON Formerly Welcker's. American and European Plans.

15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C.

European Plan, \$1.00 per day and upward. First Class Restaurant and Cafe. American Plan, \$3.00 per day and upward. Transient and Permanent Guests. L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

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J. R. Hudson, THE PIONEER MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER

AND DEALER IN— Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES. SANTA FE - NEW MEXICO

J. G. SCHUMANN,

DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, and FINDINGS. Santa Fe - N. M.

194 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate. WATER makes the plant grow.

SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made. WRITE for particulars.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Southwest Is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos. IN THE COUNTIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT